Controlled Experiments: A Fair Test	Name			
	Date	Hour		
<u>Define the Variables</u> Variables are factors in an experiment that are capab	ole of changing.			
There are three categories of variables in every experiment- the dependent, independent and controlled.				
Independent: What is changed during the experimentariable. [CAUSE]	nt; what you think will af	fect the dependent		
<b>Dependent:</b> What will be measured; what will be affer experiment. [EFFECT]	ected by the independer	nt variable during the		
<b>Controlled:</b> Variables held constant (meaning unchanged; kept the same). Eliminates the chance that the outcome is affected by factors other than the independent variable.				
A <u>fair test</u> occurs when you change only one variable	e and keep all other con	ditions the same.		
The <b>Test Group</b> is the experiment that has the <u>Independent Variable</u> being tested.				
The <b>Control Group</b> is an experiment <u>without</u> the Ind constant) variables are exactly the same as the Test		of the controlled (or		
The control group is used for comparison with the				
(How do you know the effect test if you don't compare it to a group that hasn't been tested?)				
Example 1				
Question: Will Fertilizer X cause Petunias to grow ta	ller?			
Hypothesis: Fertilizer X will make petunias grow taller than plants without the fertilizer.				
Experiment: 40 plants are tested. Group A has 20 plants that are given Fertilizer X. Group B has 20				
plants that are not given any fertilizer. Both groups a	are given the same amo	unt of soil, water and		
sunlight, and are kept at the same temperature.				
Independent Variable:				
Dependent Variable:				

Controlled Variables:				
Test Group:				
Control Group:				
Is this a Fair Test? Why or why not?				
Everyole 2				
Example 2				
Question: Can insulation cause an ice cube to melt at a slower rate?				
Hypothesis: Insulation causes an ice cube to melt 2x as slow as an ice cube alone.				
Experiment: 10 ice cubes are taken out of a freezer at the same time. Five are immediately placed				
inside an insulated container. The other five are left out of the container. All of the ice cubes are the				
same size and are placed into rooms at the same temperature.				
Independent Variable:				
Dependent Variable:				
Controlled Variables:				
Test Group:				
Control Group:				
Is this a Fair Test? Why or why not?				

Controlled Experiment Practice		Name			
			Hour		
Ques	stion: Does chewing gum cause cavities?				
Нурс	othesis: Chewing gum causes cavities.				
	eriment: A group of 40 people are involved	in the experiment. 20	chew gum each day and 20 do		
	Their teeth are checked before the experir	2.72			
1.	What is the <b>Independent Variable</b> ?				
2.	What is the <b>Dependent Variable</b> ?				
3.	What would be some Controlled Variable				
0.	What would be some <b>controlled variat</b>	nes for this experiment	•		
4.	Which Group is the <b>Test Group</b> ?				
5.	Which Group is the Control Group?				
6.	Is this a Fair Test? Why or why not?				
Que	stion: Does eating candy cause children to	become hyperactive?			
Нурс	othesis: Eating candy causes children to b	ecome more active tha	n without candy.		
Ехре	eriment: 100 3rd grade children are observ	ved daily for 10 days. 5	0 children are given 25 grams		
	andy each day at 3:00 p.m. 50 children are		50 <del>-0</del> 00		
	ren's behavior from 3-5 p.m. daily and reco				
	oximately the same size and weight, and h	ş <del>-</del> 5	•		
1.	What is the <b>Independent Variable</b> ?		A-1		
2.	What is the <b>Dependent Variable</b> ?				
3.	What would be some <b>Controlled Variat</b>				
4.	Which Group is the <b>Test Group</b> ?				
5.	Which Group is the Control Group?				
6.	Is this a Fair Test? Why or why not?				